EXHIBIT A

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 1
                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                      EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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     JOSE PANORA,
                                         19-CV-7267 (BMC)
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                   Plaintiff
 6
                -against-
 7
                                         United States Courthouse
                                         Brooklyn, New York
 8
    DEENORA CORP, et al.
                                         February 12, 2020
 9
               Defendants
                                         10:15 a.m.
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                     TRANSCRIPT OF PREMOTION CONFERENCE
                    BEFORE THE HONORABLE BRIAN M. COGAN
12
                        UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
    APPEARANCES:
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14
    For the Plaintiff:
                             TROY LAW PLLC
                             41-25 Kissena Boulevard
15
                             Suite 103
                             Flushing, New York
16
                             BY: LEANGHOUR LIM, ESQ.
17
18
    For the Defendants:
                             KAUFMAN, DOLOWICH, VOLUCK & GONZO, LLP
                             135 Crossways Park Drive
19
                             Suite 201
                             Woodbury, New York 11797
20
                             BY: KEITH J. GUTSTEIN, ESQ.
21
22
    Court Reporter:
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                             225 Cadman Plaza East
23
                             Brooklyn, New York
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24
    Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography, transcript
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    produced by computer-aided transcription.
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              THE CLERK: Panora versus Deenora Corp., et al.
    Docket No. 19-CV-7267.
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              Counsel, please state your appearances, starting
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    with the plaintiff.
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              MS. LIM: Good morning, Your Honor. This is
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    Leanghour Lim from Troy Law, attorney for plaintiff.
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              THE COURT: Good morning.
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              MR. GUTSTEIN: Good morning, Your Honor. Keith
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    Gutstein from Kaufman, Dolowich, Voluck on behalf of all
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    defendants.
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              THE COURT:
                          Good morning.
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              MR. GUTSTEIN:
                              Good morning.
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              THE COURT: Well, first, I think we have pretty much
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    resolved the proposed motion to dismiss the complaint. As I
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    understand it, Claims 1, 6, 7, and 8 are being withdrawn by
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    the plaintiff, right?
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              MS. LIM: Your Honor, I believe that we included in
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    our letter response that we are willing to consent to
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    stipulate to withdraw Clause No. 8, which is refer to the time
    of hire -- time of hire violation.
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              THE COURT: Right. But 6 and 7 also, there is no
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    private cause of action.
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              MS. LIM: Yes, Your Honor. We did include in our
    letter that we will defer to the Court, so --
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              THE COURT: I am sorry, sit down and talk into the
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1 mike, if you do not mind.
2 MS. LIM: Your

MS. LIM: Your Honor, we include in the letter that we will defer the decision with regard to other clause to the Court.

THE COURT: Right. So 6, 7, and 8 are withdrawn.

MS. LIM: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. And 1 is also withdrawn because that is the federal minimum wage claim and your guy was getting at least \$19 an hour or something like that, \$18 an hour. So, 1 is withdrawn as well.

MS. LIM: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. And then that only leaves us with 2, the state minimum wage claim. Now, it is asserted in your letter that when somebody works more than 40 hours under state law, they are considered to receive zero for the hours in excess of 40, and therefore, there is an automatic minimum wage violation because they have received zero for those hours. You did not cite me any cases for that. I think it is a very strange contention, and I do not see how you could maintain it if, in fact, you are also suing for unpaid overtime for those same hours. You know, it cannot be unpaid minimum wage because it is zero and unpaid overtime based on some other wage for those hours. You cannot have both.

MS. LIM: Your Honor, how we view it is that in terms -- for the purpose of calculation, it will not make any

difference between the minimum wage and overtime here, but we believe that that's inherently a minimum wage claim under the New York Labor Law. That's what we believe.

THE COURT: You did not cite me any authority for that, and I do not see why it would be any different than federal law. You take the total number of hours, you divide them by the amount received, and if it is above the minimum New York State wage, then there is no minimum wage claim. There still may be an overtime claim, but there is no minimum wage claim. Now, if you want to litigate that, I will tell the defendant to go ahead and make a motion. But I am telling you where it comes out.

MS. LIM: Your Honor, if I may, I would propose that we would like to discuss that, confer with defense counsel whether we can resolve this issue as well, because we believe that it will not make any difference in terms of calculation. And if we can avoid the motion practice, we will try to avoid that.

THE COURT: Well, I will let you talk to the defendant and see if you can work it out, but I do not agree with your point that it does not make my difference to the calculations. Right now, the way this complaint is structured, you are getting double pay for those over 40 hours. Everything over 40 hours, under your theory, you are seeking minimum wage because there is zero and you are

seeking overtime, and so that is a double recovery for those hours.

Now, if it was really minimum wage, you know, a failure to pay minimum wage, maybe you would be entitled to that, but I do not see how you would do that.

Anyway, talk to him. I am going to say that if you cannot work that out, the defendant can file a motion on that within a week. And it can be very brief, as I understand it.

And I think that is the only potential motion we have left as to Count 2; is that right? Is there anything else with the withdrawn counts that we have to worry about?

MR. GUTSTEIN: That's me, Your Honor. I agree, there's no other basis for the motion.

THE COURT: So you will see if you can work out

Count 2. Counts 1, 6, 7, and 8 are withdrawn. And then we do

not need to do an amended complaint. I am just going to deem

the complaint to have those causes of action stricken.

Okay. Now let us talk about the collective action motion. I take it the defendants' main point is that this guy is subject to the executive exemption. And if he is subject to the executive exemption, then he is not going to be similarly situated to other employees.

MR. GUTSTEIN: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. And you tell me that the reason he is subject to the executive exemption is because he has

6 control of the kitchen, including supervising, hiring and 1 2 firing of kitchen staff. 3 MR. GUTSTEIN: Yes, Your Honor. He is a -- if I may? Yes, sir. 4 5 He was a member of management, has been a member of 6 management for quite some time. 7 THE COURT: That is a conclusion. You have to tell 8 me what he does that makes him management. 9 MR. GUTSTEIN: Fair enough. Fair enough. 10 Oversees the kitchen, hires and fires all the 11 kitchen staff -- there's at least 6 to 10 members of the 12 kitchen staff that he is solely responsible for hiring and 13 supervising -- sets the menu, is in charge of all maintenance and cleanliness. He is a chef, as opposed to a line cook. 14 15 there's -- the line cooks, the dishwashers, the pizza man, the grill man all report directly to him, Your Honor. And I don't 16 17 want it to be a conclusion, Your Honor, but also in the 18 handbook, they refer to him as a member of management. You 19 know, this is a -- he's treated differently than everybody 20 else that plaintiff's counsel would like to incorporate into 21 the collective. He's paid a generous salary and was always 22 treated as management. So, therefore, our conclusion is that he's exempt and the conclusion would be that he's not 23 24 similarly situated. 25 THE COURT: Okay. Is there any factual dispute

about what defense counsel just said?

MS. LIM: Your Honor, I would like to mention that plaintiff in this case has been work -- he had been working for the pizza house for a very long time, for over 20 years, starting as a dishwasher and then promoted as a salad person and then becoming a chef. So according to -- based upon the long employment period with the pizza house and he become a chef, it's logical that he would have some -- it's logical that the sensible employer would listen to the recommendation with regard to the employee within the kitchen.

THE COURT: Is it recommendation or is it power?

Can he fire and hire whoever he wants?

MS. LIM: He would have some power to supervise all the kitchen worker as a chef, but I do not believe he has the power to hire those employees at all, Your Honor. Because there's another manager who manage all the schedule, all the compensation, the payment of all employees.

THE COURT: Including the plaintiff's?

MS. LIM: Yes, Your Honor. And that's another boss, which is one of the defendants in this case.

THE COURT: Okay. So we have got a mixed issue of law and fact as to whether the executive exemption applies.

If I were to find that it does apply, well, then I guess the case is over, at least the FLSA case is over. And if it does apply, it might be moot, but it also seems to me that he could

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not serve as the collective representative because he would be in a different position than everybody else.

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Is everybody else, and I take it the other employees, are they getting the same kind of flat salary that he is?

MS. LIM: Yes, Your Honor. He may get more salary, but still flat salary.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well, I think what we better do is tee up the executive exemption issue before we do collective action because the case is going to rise or fall on that. So I am going to ask the defendant within two weeks make a motion as to that; that is, to dismiss the case based on -- at least dismiss the federal claims. And I can tell you I will decline the state claims if I dismiss the federal claims based on the executive exemption. I guess that is technically a summary judgment motion, not a motion to But that is okay, make it as a summary judgment motion. And all of the facts, I think, to oppose that motion are within plaintiff's personal knowledge, so I do not think it will require any discovery. But let us have the opposition due two weeks after that. If the plaintiff feels that he needs some discovery to oppose the motion, you can put that into the opposition papers and request that discovery. not think it will be necessary, but I will consider it if I hear plaintiff's arguments that it is.

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               And I do not want to do anything else yet until I
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    resolve that motion. Because I think this case may well go
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    away if the defendant is correct, which, of course, I have no
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    idea if the defendant is correct or not, but let us see what
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    the parties have.
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               Okay. That is as far as I want to go right now.
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    0kav?
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               Anything else that we need to discuss?
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                              No, Your Honor, just the two weeks
               MR. GUTSTEIN:
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    from today, is there a date certain that the motion should be
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    filed?
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               THE COURT: Yes. I will put it in the minute order.
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    I am just not calculating it in my head.
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               MR. GUTSTEIN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Whatever two weeks from today is.
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               MR. GUTSTEIN:
                              Okay.
                                     That's fine.
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               THE COURT: Okay, Thank you, all.
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               MR. GUTSTEIN:
                              Thank you, Judge.
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               MS. LIM: Thank you, Your Honor.
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               (Matter concluded.)
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    I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the
    record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
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        /s/ Andronikh M. Barna
                                            August 13, 2020
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          ANDRONIKH M. BARNA
                                            DATE
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